### **Intervention Analysis in Seasonal Adjustment**

In some Consumer Price Index (CPI) series, a process known as seasonal adjustment is used to identify and factor out seasonal movements. The resulting seasonally adjusted data reflect an estimate of nonseasonal price movements. The CPI uses the Bureau of the Census X-12-ARIMA software to calculate factors for seasonal adjustment of both historical and current series. Some CPI series are adjusted using the intervention analysis feature of the Census X-12 seasonal adjustment process.

Intervention analysis seasonal adjustment allows nonseasonal economic phenomena, such as outliers and level shifts, to be factored out of indexes before calculation of seasonal adjustment factors. (An *outlier* is an extreme value for a particular month. A *level shift* is a change or shift in the price level of a CPI series caused by an event, such as a sales tax increase or oil embargo, occurring over 1 or several months.) The result is an adjustment based on a representation of the series with the seasonal pattern emphasized. Intervention analysis seasonal adjustment also makes it possible to account for seasonal shifts, resulting in a better seasonal adjustment in the periods before and after the shift occurred. For those CPI series adjusted using intervention analysis seasonal adjustment techniques the resulting seasonal factors better represent the true seasonal pattern than factors calculated without these techniques. The seasonal factors are applied to the original unadjusted series. Level shifts and outliers, removed for the calculation of seasonal factors, are present in the seasonally adjusted series.

When X-12-ARIMA is used to perform intervention analysis seasonal adjustment, unusual events are modeled as part of the seasonal adjustment process. X-12-ARIMA's built-in regression variables are used for directly estimating the effects of sudden level changes and other disruptions and removing those effects before calculation of the seasonal factors. For a comprehensive discussion of X-12-ARIMA and intervention analysis seasonal adjustment, see "Improvements to CPI Procedures for Intervention Analysis Seasonal Adjustment" in the December 1996 issue of the *CPI Detailed Report*.

In January 2005, BLS adjusted the series listed below using intervention analysis seasonal adjustment techniques. BLS examined these series using the 8-year span from January 1997 through December 2004.

Butter Fuel oil and other fuels Nonalcoholic beverages and beverage

Carbonated drinks Gasoline, all types materials

Cheese and related products

Gasoline, unleaded midgrade

Nondurables less food and apparel

Dairy and related products

Gasoline, unleaded premium

Nondurables less food, beverages, and

Educational books and supplies Gasoline, unleaded regular apparel

Electricity Ice cream and related products Other household fuels

Fats and oils Motor fuel Pork
Fresh vegetables New cars Tomatoes

Fresh whole milk New trucks Utility (piped) gas service

Fuel Oil New Vehicles

Data for the following series are available beginning in December 1997. These series were examined using the 7-year span from December 1997 through December 2004.

Admission to sporting events Milk

Bacon, breakfast sausage, and related products

New cars and trucks

Beverage materials including coffee and tea

Other poultry including turkey

Breakfast sausage and related products

Other processed fruits and vegetables

Juices and non-alcoholic drinks

Other sweets

For each series that was adjusted using X-12-ARIMA intervention analysis seasonal adjustment, a list of level shifts is provided in the table below, along with the identified causes (events). Outliers are also included in the list.

For further information, write to the Bureau of Labor Statistics, Division of Consumer Prices and Price Indexes, 2 Massachusetts Avenue, NE, Room 3615, Washington, DC 20212-0001, or call Daniel Chow at (202) 691-6968. Mr. Chow may also be reached at <a href="mailto:Chow.Daniel@bls.gov">Chow.Daniel@bls.gov</a> by e-mail.

# Consumer Price Index series – intervention analysis seasonal adjustment

	Level shift		
Series	period(s)	Event	Outliers _
<u> </u>	period(s)	Event	Outile13
Admission to sporting events	None	Not applicable	11/99
Bacon, breakfast sausage, and related products	1/00-3/00	Response to low pork production	None
Beverage materials	6/98	Sharply higher coffee production	1/01
including coffee and tea	8/98	Sharply higher coffee production	
	1/00	Coffee supply shortage concerns	
Breakfast sausage and	1/00-3/00	Response to low pork production	7/02, 2/03,
related products	6/03	Response to low pork production	8/03
	6/04-8/04	Response to low beef and pork production	
Butter	5/98-10/98	Response to declining domestic butter output and stocks	11/97, 12/97, 11/98, 12/99,
	10/98-5/99	Substantial increase in milk production by the first quarter of 1999 added to already large inventories of butter	2/00, 4/02
	3/01-7/01	Early year drop in milk production was slow to recover. Demand for dairy products remained strong.	
	2/04-6/04	Very low spring stocks of cheese and butter, plus lower production of raw milk	
Carbonated drinks	4/02-6/02	Promotions associated with significant new brand introductions	10/00, 8/01, 7/03
	9/02	Return to normal level of promotions	
Cheese and related products	9/98-1/99	Response to very strong demand for milkfat items, coupled with stagnant milk production for much of the period	None
	7/99-10/99	Response to a generally tight cheese market, accompanied by strong demand	
	4/01-6/01	Early year drop in milk production was slow to recover. Demand for dairy products remained strong.	
	4/04-5/04	Very low spring stocks of cheese and butter, plus lower production of raw milk	
	8/04-9/04	Response to tight cheese and dairy market	
Dairy and related products	4/99	Substantial increase in milk production	None
, F	10/99	Reaction to tight dairy markets, as increases in milk	
		output were absorbed by strong cheese demand	
	4/04-6/04	Rising consumption, inadequate cheese and butter	
	7/04-9/04	stocks, and very low milk production  Low demand in response to tight markets, combined with rising production of milkfat products	

Carios	Level shift	Event	Outlions
Series	period(s)	Event	Outliers
Educational books and supplies	11/99	Greater than normal sale on educational reference books	2/02
	1/00	Adjustment from greater than normal sale on educational reference books	
	11/01-12/01	Greater than normal sale on educational reference books	
	11/03-12/03	Changes in end of year pricing policies for general reference books	
Electricity	4/01-6/01	Increasing demand due to warmer than expected weather and raising rates to aid the conservation of supplies	11/97
	2/03-5/03	Declining natural gas supplies, reaching historical lows in May, caused a reduction in electricity output relative to demand	
ats and oils	5/98-10/98	Response to declining domestic butter output and stocks	4/00, 11/00, 4/01, 11/01
	10/98-5/99	Increased domestic and imported oil supply exceeded demand	·
	11/99	Anticipation of larger-than-normal soybean and other crops, coupled with a higher demand for butter Response to a decrease in domestic milk output,	
	6/01	combined with increasing oil demand Response to large supplies of oils, particularly	
	1/02-8/02	soybean oil Response to depleted soybean oil stocks from	
	12/02-2/03	record 2001 domestic crushing and exporting, coupled with increased domestic demand Rising prices for butter and salad oils combined with	
	2/04-6/04	lower output of dairy goods  Response to tight butter and dairy supplies	
	8/04		
resh vegetables	9/04-11/04	Damage to tomato crops caused by hurricanes	2/02, 3/02, 4/02
Fresh whole milk	11/98-2/99	Response to very strong demand for milkfat items, coupled with stagnant milk production for much of the period	None
	4/99	Substantial increase in milk production	
	10/99	Reaction to tight dairy markets, as increases in milk output were absorbed by strong cheese demand	
	11/99-1/00	Continued increase in milk production, spurred by good returns to farmers and favorable feed and forage conditions	
	7/03-9/03	Reaction due to high cheese prices, as well as tight milk supplies	
	4/04-6/04	Rising consumption, inadequate cheese and butter stocks, and very low milk production	
	6/04-9/04	Low demand in response to tight markets, combined with rising production of milkfat products	

	Level shift		
Series	period(s)	Event	Outliers
Fuel oil	9/00	Robust economy, low inventory, winter refills, and uncertainty about Middle East supply	2/00, 3/00
	12/00-3/01	Positive storage and inventory build-up because of warmer weather trends and slowing economy	
	9/01-12/01	Positive storage and inventory build-up because of warmer weather trends and slowing economy	
	2/03-3/03	Low inventories due to rising crude oil prices, political uncertainty within oil supplying regions and Iraq, and increased broad demand for fuels	
	3/03-5/03	End of winter and end of major combat operations in Iraq	
	12/03-1/04	Fuel supply concerns due to Iraq conflict and Venezuela political unrest	
	9/04-11/04	Supply disruptions due to Hurricane Ivan	
Fuel oil and other fuels	9/00	Robust economy, low inventory, winter refills, and uncertainty about Middle East supply	2/00, 3/00
	1/01-3/01	Positive storage and inventory build-up because of warmer weather trends and slowing economy	
	9/01-12/01	Positive storage and inventory build-up because of warmer weather trends and slowing economy	
	2/03-3/03	Low inventories due to rising crude oil prices, political uncertainty within oil supplying regions and Iraq, and increased broad demand for fuels	
	3/03-5/03	End of winter and end of major combat operations in Iraq	
	12/03-1/04	Fuel supply concerns due to Iraq conflict and Venezuela political unrest	
	9/04-11/04	Supply disruptions due to Hurricane Ivan	

Series	period(s)	Event	Outliers
Gasoline, all types	4/99	Anticipated cutback of crude oil production by OPEC	3/00, 8/00,
		and other countries	5/01, 6/01,
	6/99-9/99	Realized effects of a decrease in supply of crude oil	9/01, 5/04,
		by OPEC and other countries	6/04
	6/00	Effects of implementing a new EPA requirement for reformulated gasoline	
	10/01-12/01	Return to a normal balance of expected supply and	
		demand following a period of speculative supply	
	2/02-4/02	Effect of a significant decrease in imported crude and refined oil	
	12/02-3/03	Anticipation of Iraq war combined with effects of an oil strike in Venezuela	
	3/03-5/03	Oil strike in Venezuela ends, with faster than expected increases in oil supply	
	7/03-9/03	All time record demand for auto fuel, complicated by	
	1,00 0,00	supply problems due to electrical blackouts at	
		refiners in the Northeast and Midwest during late	
	9/03-11/03	summer  Recovering domestic inventories following record	
	9/03-11/03	high summer demand and refinery problems in	
	12/02 2/04	the Northeast and Midwest	
	12/03-3/04	Extremely low inventories from refineries plus switch	
		to production of summer blends to meet EPA regulations	
	10/04	Hurricane Ivan disruption effects on refineries in the	
	10/04	Gulf of Mexico	
Gasoline, unleaded	4/99	Anticipated cutback of crude oil production by OPEC	3/00, 8/00,
nidgrade	0/00 0/00	and other countries	5/01, 6/01,
	6/99-9/99	Realized effects of a decrease in supply of crude oil	9/01, 5/04,
	0/00	by OPEC and other countries	6/04
	6/00	Effects of implementing a new EPA requirement for reformulated gasoline	
	10/01-12/01	Return to a normal balance of expected supply and	
		demand following a period of speculative supply	
	2/02-4/02	Effect of a significant decrease in imported crude and refined oil	
	12/02-3/03	Anticipation of Iraq war combined with effects of an oil strike in Venezuela	
	3/03-5/03	Oil strike in Venezuela ends, with faster than	
		expected increases in oil supply	
	7/03-9/03	All time record demand for auto fuel, complicated by	
		supply problems due to electrical blackouts at refiners in the Northeast and Midwest during late	
		summer	
	9/03-11/03	Recovering domestic inventories following record	
		high summer demand and refinery problems in the Northeast and Midwest	
	12/03-3/04	Extremely low inventories from refineries plus switch	
	12/00-3/04	to production of summer blends to meet EPA	
		regulations	
	10/04	Hurricane Ivan disruption effects on refineries in the	
	10/07	Gulf of Mexico	

Series	period(s)	Event	Outliers _
Gasoline, unleaded	4/99	Anticipated cutback of crude oil production by OPEC	3/00, 8/00,
premium		and other countries	5/01, 6/01,
	6/99-9/99	Realized effects of a decrease in supply of crude oil	9/01, 5/04,
		by OPEC and other countries	6/04
	6/00	Effects of implementing a new EPA requirement for	
		reformulated gasoline	
	10/01-12/01	Return to a normal balance of expected supply and	
		demand following a period of speculative supply	
	2/02-4/02	Effect of a significant decrease in imported crude	
		and refined oil	
	12/02-3/03	Anticipation of Iraq war combined with effects of an	
		oil strike in Venezuela	
	3/03-5/03	Oil strike in Venezuela ends, with faster than	
	_,	expected increases in oil supply	
	7/03-9/03	All time record demand for auto fuel, complicated by	
		supply problems due to electrical blackouts at	
		refiners in the Northeast and Midwest during late	
	9/03-11/03	summer  Recovering domestic inventories following record	
	9/03-11/03	high summer demand and refinery problems in	
		the Northeast and Midwest	
	12/03-3/04	Extremely low inventories from refineries plus switch	
	, 00 0, 0 .	to production of summer blends to meet EPA	
		regulations	
	10/04	Hurricane Ivan disruption effects on refineries in the	
		Gulf of Mexico	
Casalina unlandad	4/00	Anticipated outbook of anido all production by OREC	2/00 8/00
Gasoline, unleaded	4/99	Anticipated cutback of crude oil production by OPEC	3/00, 8/00,
regular	6/99-9/99	and other countries  Realized effects of a decrease in supply of crude oil	5/01, 6/01, 9/01, 5/04,
	0/99-9/99	by OPEC and other countries	6/04
	6/00	Effects of implementing a new EPA requirement for	0/04
	0,00	reformulated gasoline	
	10/01-12/01	Return to a normal balance of expected supply and	
		demand following a period of speculative supply	
	2/02-4/02	Effect of a significant decrease in imported crude	
		and refined oil	
	12/02-3/03	Anticipation of Iraq war combined with effects of an	
		oil strike in Venezuela	
	3/03-5/03	Oil strike in Venezuela ends, with faster than	
		expected increases in oil supply	
	7/03-9/03	All time record demand for auto fuel, complicated by	
		supply problems due to electrical blackouts at	
		refiners in the Northeast and Midwest during late	
	0/03_11/03	summer  Recovering domestic inventories following record	
	9/03-11/03	high summer demand and refinery problems in	
		the Northeast and Midwest	
	12/03-3/04	Extremely low inventories from refineries plus switch	
	12,00 0,04	to production of summer blends to meet EPA	
		regulations	
	10/04	Hurricane Ivan disruption effects on refineries in the	
	1	Gulf of Mexico	

Series	Level shift period(s)	Event	Outliers
Ice cream and related	7/98-11/98	Response to very strong demand for milkfat items,	11/03
products		coupled with stagnant milk production	
	5/01-7/01	Early year drop in milk production was slow to	
		recover. Demand for dairy products remained	
		strong.	
	3/03-6/03	Sluggish demand for dairy food "treats"	
Juices and non-alcoholic	4/02-6/02	Promotions associated with significant new brand	10/00, 8/01,
drinks	9/02	introductions  Return to normal level of promotions for carbonated	7/03
	9/02	drinks	
Milk	11/98-2/99	Response to very strong demand for milkfat items,	7/98
TVIIIIX	11/00 2/00	coupled with stagnant milk production	1700
	4/99	Substantial increase in milk production	
	10/99	Reaction to tight dairy markets, as increases in milk	
		output were absorbed by strong cheese demand	
	11/99-1/00	Continued increase in milk production, spurred by	
		good returns to farmers and favorable feed and forage conditions	
	7/03-9/03	Reaction due to high cheese prices, as well as tight	
	1703-3703	milk supplies	
	4/04-6/04	Rising consumption, inadequate cheese and butter	
		stocks, and very low milk production	
	6/04-9/04	Low demand in response to tight markets, combined	
		with rising production of milkfat products	
Motor fuel	4/99	Anticipated cutback of crude oil production by OPEC	3/00, 8/00,
		and other countries	5/01, 6/01,
	6/99-9/99	Realized effects of a decrease in supply of crude oil	9/01, 5/04,
		by OPEC and other countries	6/04
	6/00	Effects of implementing a new EPA requirement for reformulated gasoline	
	10/01-12/01	Return to a normal balance of expected supply and	
		demand following a period of speculative supply	
	2/02-4/02	Effect of a significant decrease in imported crude	
		and refined oil	
	12/02-3/03	Anticipation of Iraq war combined with effects of an	
		oil strike in Venezuela	
	3/03-5/03	Oil strike in Venezuela ends, with faster than	
	7/00 0/00	expected increases in oil supply	
	7/03-9/03	All time record demand for auto fuel, complicated by	
		supply problems due to electrical blackouts at refiners in the Northeast and Midwest during late	
		summer	
	9/03-11/03	Recovering domestic inventories following record	
	3,55 1,750	high summer demand and refinery problems in	
		the Northeast and Midwest	
	12/03-3/04	Extremely low inventories from refineries plus switch	
		to production of summer blends to meet EPA	
		regulations	
	10/04	Hurricane Ivan disruption effects on refineries in the	
		Gulf of Mexico	

	Level shift		
Series	period(s)	Event	Outliers
New cars	7/04	Effect of very large cash incentives offered by domestic automakers	5/98, 6/98, 8/98, 11/01,
	11/04	Return to normal promotions, combined with the effect of a model changeover	12/01, 1/02, 1/03, 2/03, 8/03
New cars and trucks	7/04	Effect of very large cash incentives offered by domestic automakers	8/98, 1/00, 2/00, 11/01,
	11/04	Return to normal promotions, combined with the effect of a model changeover	12/01, 1/02, 1/03, 2/03, 8/03, 2/04, 12/04
New trucks	7/04	Effect of very large cash incentives offered by domestic automakers	1/00, 2/00, 10/01, 11/01,
	11/04	Return to normal promotions, combined with the effect of a model changeover	12/01, 1/02, 1/03, 2/03, 2/04, 12/04
New vehicles	7/04	Effect of very large cash incentives offered by domestic automakers	5/98, 6/98, 8/98, 11/01,
	11/04	Return to normal promotions, combined with the effect of a model changeover	12/01, 1/02, 1/03, 2/03, 8/03, 2/04
Nonalcoholic beverages and beverage materials	2/97-7/97 4/02-6/02	Coffee price increases due to labor problems in Columbia and supply problems in Brazil Promotions associated with significant new brand introductions in carbonated drinks	10/00, 8/01, 7/03
	9/02	Return to normal level of promotions for carbonated drinks	

Series	Level shift period(s)	Event	Outliers
Nondurables less food	4/99	Anticipated cutback of crude oil production by OPEC	3/00, 8/00,
and apparel		and other countries	5/01, 6/01,
	6/99-9/99	Realized effects of a decrease in supply of crude oil	9/01, 5/04,
		by OPEC and other countries	6/04
	6/00	Effects of implementing a new EPA requirement for	
		reformulated gasoline	
	10/01-12/01	Return to a normal balance of expected motor fuel	
		supply and demand following a period of	
		speculative supply	
	2/02-4/02	Effect of a significant decrease in imported crude	
		and refined oil	
	12/02-3/03	Anticipation of Iraq war combined with effects of an	
	0/00 5/00	oil strike in Venezuela	
	3/03-5/03	Oil strike in Venezuela ends, with faster than	
	7/03-9/03	expected increases in oil supply  All time record demand for auto fuel, complicated by	
	7/03-9/03	supply problems due to electrical blackouts at	
		refineries in the Northeast and Midwest during	
		late summer	
	9/03-11/03	Recovering domestic inventories following record	
		high summer demand and refinery problems in	
		the Northeast and Midwest	
	12/03-3/04	Extremely low inventories from refineries plus switch	
		to production of summer blends to meet EPA	
		regulations	
	10/04	Hurricane Ivan disruption effects on refineries in the	
		Gulf of Mexico	
Nondurables less food,	4/99	Anticipated cutback of crude oil production by OPEC	3/00, 8/00, 5/01, 6/01,
neverages, and apparel	4700	and other countries	
3 - 7 - 7 - 7 - 7	6/99-9/99	Realized effects of a decrease in supply of crude oil	9/01, 5/04,
		by OPEC and other countries	6/04
	6/00	Effects of implementing a new EPA requirement for	
		reformulated gasoline	
	10/01-12/01	Return to a normal balance of expected motor fuel	
		supply and demand following a period of	
		speculative supply	
	2/02-4/02	Effect of a significant decrease in imported crude	
	10/05 5/5	and refined oil	
	12/02-3/03	Anticipation of Iraq war combined with effects of an	
	3/03 5/03	oil strike in Venezuela	
	3/03-5/03	Oil strike in Venezuela ends, with faster than	
	7/03-9/03	expected increases in oil supply  All time record demand for auto fuel, complicated by	
	1700-0700	supply problems due to electrical blackouts at	
		refineries in the Northeast and Midwest during	
		late summer	
	9/03-11/03	Recovering domestic inventories following record	
		high summer demand and refinery problems in	
		the Northeast and Midwest	
	12/03-3/04	Extremely low inventories from refineries plus switch	
		to production of summer blends to meet EPA	
		regulations	
	10/04	Hurricane Ivan disruption effects on refineries in the	
		Gulf of Mexico	

Series	period(s)	Event I	Outliers
Other household fuels	1/97-4/97	Declining demand for residential oil heat due to a warm spring season	2/00, 3/00
	9/00	Winter fill-ups, low inventories, and good economy	
	12/00-1/01	High refill rates among consumers and good economy	
	1/01-4/01	Positive storage and inventory build-up because of warmer weather trends and slowing economy	
	1/03-3/03	Intense winter weather and increasing demand	
	3/03-5/03	End of intense winter and declining demand	
	12/03-2/04	Above average fuel demand due to colder than expected Winter	
	9/04-11/04	Supply disruptions due to Hurricane Ivan	
Other poultry including urkey	11/01	Large production increase in October due to increased turkey slaughter and heavier overall bird weights	1/99, 7/00, 2/01, 12/02, 7/03
	9/02	Marketing response to clear surplus stock heading into the holiday season	
Other processed fruits and vegetables	None	Not applicable	11/99, 5/00, 3/02, 12/02, 9/03
Other sweets	None	Not applicable	4/00
Pork	1/00-3/00	Response to low pork production	None
Tomatoes	9/04-11/04	Damage to tomato crops caused by hurricanes	
Utility (piped) gas service	5/00-7/00	High demand due to economic growth plus increased gas use for electricity	11/00, 2/04
	8/00-10/00	High demand due to economic growth plus increased gas use for electricity	
	12/00-1/01	Low inventories for the expected demand of the winter heating season	
	2/01-4/01	Warmer than expected weather resulting in more than adequate gas supplies	
	5/01-10/01	Continued adequate gas supplies, warmer than	
	1/03-3/03	expected weather, and slowing economy  Supply problems in Venezuela, onset of colder than expected weather, and historically low storage	
		levels	1